

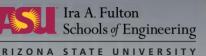
# Background Invariant Laser-spot Detection and Tracking for Embedded Systems

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# **Project Overview and Description**

#### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

Develop a methodology to accurately detect laser-spots in lowresolution images and to track the laser-spot in varying background and illumination conditions

### •Applications:

- Smart Munitions: Targeting, Guiding, Counter-measure
- Robotics: Navigation



http://www.popularmechanics.com/technology/military/research/8-laser-weapon-systems

# Approach

#### **APPROACH**

•Detection: Filtering, Segmentation, Feature extraction, Classification

•Tracking: Kalman filter, Particle filter

- •Initial Focus: Static and simple backgrounds.
- •Subsequent Efforts: Dynamic and noisy backgrounds.

•Final goal: Embed the detection and tracking strategy into a multi-core processing architecture

#### **NOVELTY**

•Unique problem, unique formulation

## Potential member company benefits

•Numerous possible applications

# **Project Status**

#### Progress to date

- Acquired laser spots in varying backgrounds
- Developed Intensity based segmentation
- Implemented Kalman Filter/ Particle filter
- Results: video

# **Project Tasks/ Deliverables**

	Description	Date	Status
1	Study characteristics of laser-spots in varying backgrounds		Ongoing
2	Develop laser-spot detection algorithms		Ongoing
3	Develop laser-tracking algorithms		Ongoing
4	Test detection and tracking algorithms in simple backgrounds		Ongoing
5	Test detection and tracking algorithms in complex backgrounds including missing objects in frames		
6	Embed the detection and tracking strategy into a multi-core processing architecture		

# **Executive Summary**

## Develop method to

- Detect and track laser-spots

## Applications

- Military
- Robotics
- New applications
- Approach

### <u>Detection</u>: Filtering, Segmentation, Object extraction

<u>Tracking</u>: Kalman filter, Particle filter



http://www.fastcompany.com/welcome.html?destination=http://www.fastcompany.com/1823017/darpa-unveils-drone-slaying-war-laser

# Detection

- •Filtering: Min filter, Gaussian filter, median filter
- •Segmentation: adjacent frame difference

•Object extraction: combine optical flow and mean shift/frame difference

>optical flow: assume intensity of objects do not change over time and objects move slowly.

$$I(x, y, t) = I(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y, t + \Delta t)$$
$$I_x V_x + I_y V_y = -I_t$$

>Mean shift:

$$m(x) = \frac{\sum_{x_i \in N(x)} K(x_i - x) x_i}{\sum_{x_i \in N(x)} K(x_i - x)}$$

# Tracking

Dynamic system model:

$$x_{k+1} = f(x_k) + w_k$$
$$z_k = h(x_k) + v_k$$

X<sub>k</sub>: target state;

z<sub>k</sub>: measurement;

f: state transition function;

h: state-to-measurement function;

w<sub>k</sub>: state transition noise;

v<sub>k</sub>: measurement noise.

Q: covariance matrix of w<sub>k</sub>

R: covariance matrix of  $v_k$ 

Kalman filter: recursively predict new state x<sub>k</sub>

**Prediction step:** 

$$\hat{x}_{k}^{-} = f(\hat{x}_{k-1})$$

$$P_{k}^{-} = AP_{k-1}A^{T} + Q$$

$$A \equiv \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\Big|_{\hat{x}_{k}}$$

 $P_k$ : error covariance

Correction step:

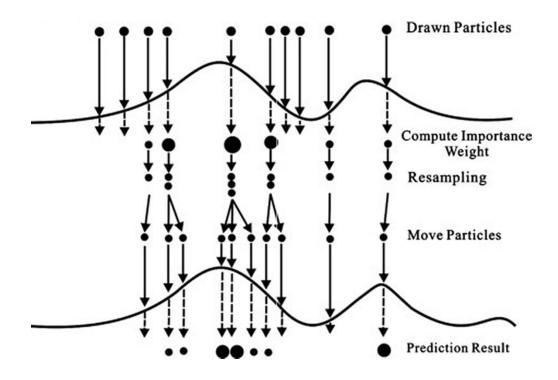
$$K_{k} = P_{k}^{-}H^{T} \left(HP_{k}^{-}H^{T} + R\right)^{-1}$$
$$\hat{x}_{k} = \hat{x}_{k}^{-} + K_{k} \left(z_{k} - h(\hat{x}_{k}^{-})\right)$$
$$P_{k} = P_{k}^{-} - K_{k}HP_{k}^{-}$$
$$H = \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}\Big|_{\hat{x}_{k}^{-}}$$

# Particle filter: for more general non-Gaussian states

Target distribution f :  $p(x | z_1, z_2, ..., z_n) = \frac{\prod_k p(z_k | x) p(x)}{p(z_1, z_2, ..., z_n)}$ 

Sampling distribution g : 
$$p(x | z_l) = \frac{p(z_l | x)p(x)}{p(z_l)}$$

Importance weights w: 
$$\frac{f}{g} = \frac{p(x \mid z_1, z_2, ..., z_n)}{p(x \mid z_l)} = \frac{p(z_l) \prod_{k \neq l} p(z_k \mid x)}{p(z_1, z_2, ..., z_n)}$$



Particle filter algorithm

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# **Current Results**

 Detect one laser spot in stationary and very slow moving backgrounds

•Track one missing spot in stationary and very slow moving backgrounds

# **Future Work**

 Detect multiple spots in stationary and very slow moving backgrounds

- •Track missing spots in stationary and very slow moving backgrounds
- •Detect multiple spots in dynamic backgrounds
- •Track missing spots in dynamic backgrounds